

Python Cheatsheet

COMMON COMMANDS

Command	Pseudocode	Python
User input	INPUT(num) READ(num)	name = input("Enter a number: ") num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
User output	OUTPUT("Hello world!") PRINT("Hello world!")	print("Hello world!")
Assignment	←	=
Equals (comparison)	=	==
OR	x < 1 OR x > 10	x < 1 or x > 10
AND	x > 1 AND x < 10	x > 1 and x < 10
Arrays	scores ← [] scores[0] ← 15 scores[1] ← 16 scores.append(12) scores.push(12) scores.length	scores = [] scores.append(12) scores.push(12) len(scores)

PROGRAMMING CONSTRUCTS

One-way Selection

Pseudocode

```
speed ← 50
IF speed > 60 THEN
    PRINT("You are speeding")
END IF
```

Python

```
int speed = 50
if speed > 60:
    print("You are speeding")
```

Two-way Selection

Pseudocode

```
speed ← 50
IF speed > 60 THEN
    PRINT("You are speeding")
ELSE
    PRINT("You are not speeding – well done!")
END IF
```

Python

```
int speed = 50
if speed > 60:
    print("You are speeding")
else:
    print("You are not speeding – well done!")
```

Multi-way Selection

Pseudocode 1

```
speed ← 50
IF speed < 20 THEN
    PRINT("You are going to slow")
ELSE IF speed > 60 THEN
    PRINT("You are speeding")
ELSE
    PRINT('You are not speeding – well done!')
END IF
```

Python

```
speed = 50
if speed < 20:
    print("You are going to slow")
elif speed > 60:
    print ("You are speeding")
else:
    print ('You are not speeding – well done!')
```

Pseudocode 2

```
speed ← 50
CASE speed OF
    < 20: PRINT("You are going too slow")
    <= 60: PRINT ("You are not speeding – well
done!")
    > 60: PRINT("You are speeding")
END CASE
```

Test First Loop

Pseudocode

```
Num ← 0
WHILE num < 10
    PRINT("The number is " + num)
    num ← num + 1
END WHILE
```

Python

```
num = 0
while num < 10:
    print(f"The number is {num}")
    num += 1
```

Test Last Loop

Pseudocode

```
num ← 0
REPEAT
    PRINT("The number is " + num)
    num ← num + 1
UNTIL num = 10
```

Python

Python does not have a test last loop

Fixed Length Loop

Pseudocode

```
FOR num ← 1 TO 10
    PRINT("The number is " + num)
END FOR
```

Python

```
for i in range(1, 11):
    print(f"The number is {num}")
```

MODULARISATION

Module

Pseudocode

```
MODULE CalculateCost(num, price)
    cost ← num * price
END CalculateCost
```

Python

```
def CalculateCost(num, price)
    cost = num * price
```

Function

PseudoCode

```
FUNCTION TotalCost(num, price)
    RETURN num * price
END TotalCost
```

Python

```
def TotalCost(int num, int price)
    return num * price
```

PYTHON BASICS

String Manipulation with Python

msg = "Hello";	
name = "Peter";	
msg = msg + name	→ "HelloPeter"
len(msg)	→ 11
msg.upper()	→ "HELLOPETER"
msg.lower()	→ "hellopeter"
msg[4]	→ 'o'
my_str = 'x' * 4	→ "xxxx"

Number manipulation

myint = int("234");	→ 234
num = float("234.457297");	→ 234.457297
Math.Round(num, 4);	→ 234.4573

Program output

print("output message")	→ writes text to console with a new line
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Program input

msg = input("Enter a message")	→ reads in a string
num = int(input("Enter number: "))	→ reads in a string and converts it to an integer

List Manipulation

newlist = [4, 7, 3]	
newlist.append(6)	→ [4, 7, 3, 6]
newlist.insert(2, 9)	→ [4, 7, 9, 3, 6]
newlist.index(3);	→ 4 // returns the index of the element with the value 3
newlist.remove(9)	→ [4, 7, ,3, 6] # removes element with the value 9
newlist.pop(0)	→ [7, 3, 6] # removes the element at index 0